

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2019

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-17995



ZIX CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Texas
(State of Incorporation)

75-2216818
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2711 North Haskell Avenue
Suite 2200, LB 36
Dallas, Texas 75204-2960
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(214) 370-2000
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicated by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

<u>Class</u>	<u>Outstanding at November 4, 2019</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	55,742,221

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbols(s)	Name of Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	ZIXI	NASDAQ Global Market

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ZIX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and par value data)

	September 30, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,066	\$ 27,109
Receivables, net	10,106	3,188
Prepaid and other current assets	4,705	3,176
Total current assets	24,877	33,473
Property and equipment, net	9,403	3,924
Operating lease assets	10,055	—
Intangible assets, net	149,280	15,251
Goodwill	174,357	13,783
Deferred tax assets	30,935	28,785
Deferred costs and other assets	11,619	9,424
Total assets	<u>\$ 410,526</u>	<u>\$ 104,640</u>
LIABILITIES, PREFERRED STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 12,535	\$ 769
Accrued expenses	11,228	9,747
Deferred revenue	44,564	30,622
Current portion of long-term debt	1,850	—
Other current liabilities	3,882	—
Total current liabilities	74,059	41,138
Long-term liabilities:		
Deferred revenue	1,090	1,539
Deferred rent	—	1,016
Noncurrent lease liabilities	9,904	—
Long-term debt	176,407	—
Total long-term liabilities	187,401	2,555
Total liabilities	261,460	43,693
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 11)		
Preferred stock:		
Series A convertible preferred stock, \$1 par value; 100,206 shares designated, issued and outstanding in 2019 and no designated, issued or outstanding in 2018	104,437	—
Total preferred stock	<u>104,437</u>	<u>—</u>
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$1 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; except as noted above, none issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 175,000,000 shares authorized; 83,493,659 issued and 55,743,862 outstanding in 2019 and 81,715,330 issued and 54,186,180 outstanding in 2018	780	779
Additional paid-in capital	390,016	384,940
Treasury stock, at cost; 27,749,797 common shares in 2019 and 27,529,150 common shares in 2018	(110,273)	(108,392)
Accumulated deficit	(235,826)	(216,364)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(68)	(16)
Total stockholders' equity	44,629	60,947
Total liabilities, preferred stock and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 410,526</u>	<u>\$ 104,640</u>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ZIX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenue	\$ 47,833	\$ 17,876	\$ 123,049	\$ 52,029
Cost of revenue	21,422	3,870	52,865	11,189
Gross margin	26,411	14,006	70,184	40,840
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	5,590	2,764	15,048	8,720
Selling, general and administrative	19,592	8,025	61,729	24,139
Total operating expenses	25,182	10,789	76,777	32,859
Operating (loss) income	1,229	3,217	(6,593)	7,981
Other income (expense):				
Investment and other income	14	183	115	662
Interest (expense)	(2,973)	—	(7,398)	—
Total other (expense) income	(2,959)	183	(7,283)	662
Income (loss) before income taxes	(1,730)	3,400	(13,876)	8,643
Income tax benefit (expense)	133	(945)	2,308	(2,455)
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (1,597)</u>	<u>\$ 2,455</u>	<u>\$ (11,568)</u>	<u>\$ 6,188</u>
Deemed and accrued dividends on preferred stock	2,090	—	7,894	—
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ (3,687)</u>	<u>\$ 2,455</u>	<u>\$ (19,462)</u>	<u>\$ 6,188</u>
Basic income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ 0.05</u>	<u>\$ (0.37)</u>	<u>\$ 0.12</u>
Diluted income (loss) per common share attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ 0.05</u>	<u>\$ (0.37)</u>	<u>\$ 0.12</u>
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>53,148,078</u>	<u>52,494,340</u>	<u>52,965,163</u>	<u>52,611,161</u>
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>53,148,078</u>	<u>53,474,849</u>	<u>52,965,163</u>	<u>53,389,622</u>
Other comprehensive income, net of tax				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	35	—	(52)	—
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (1,562)</u>	<u>\$ 2,455</u>	<u>\$ (11,620)</u>	<u>\$ 6,188</u>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

ZIX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PREFERRED STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

	Preferred Stock		Preferred Stock and Stockholders' Equity					Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders Equity
	Shares	Amount	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Deficit		
(In thousands, except shares)									
Balances, December 31, 2018, as reported	—	\$ —	81,715,330	\$ 779	\$ 384,940	\$ (108,392)	\$ (216,364)	\$ (16)	\$ 60,947
Issuance of Series A preferred stock in connection with private placement, net of issuance costs of \$2,253	64,914	62,662	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Issuance of Series B preferred stock in connection with private placement, net of issuance costs of \$1,204	35,086	33,881	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Beneficial conversion feature of Series A preferred stock	—	1,407	—	—	—	—	(1,407)	—	(1,407)
Accretion of beneficial conversion feature of Series A Preferred Shares (Participating)	—	12	—	—	—	—	(12)	—	(12)
Accrued dividend on Series A preferred stock	—	563	—	—	—	—	(563)	—	(563)
Accrued dividend on Series B preferred stock	—	380	—	—	—	—	(380)	—	(380)
Redemption Accretion of Series B preferred stock	—	71	—	—	—	—	(71)	—	(71)
Net issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	—	—	17,438	—	36	—	—	—	36
Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	40,334	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of performance stock units	—	—	5,777	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of restricted common stock	—	—	1,116,724	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of restricted performance common stock	—	—	392,500	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employee stock-based compensation costs	—	—	—	—	1,229	(1,340)	—	—	(111)
Adjustment from foreign currency translation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(32)	(32)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(6,265)	—	(6,265)
Balances, March 31, 2019	100,000	\$ 98,976	83,288,103	\$ 779	\$ 386,205	\$ (109,732)	\$ (225,062)	\$ (48)	\$ 52,142
Issuance of Series A preferred stock for dividend on Series B preferred stock upon conversion to Series A preferred stock	206	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Beneficial conversion feature of Series B preferred stock	—	1,067	—	—	—	—	(1,067)	—	(1,067)
Accretion of beneficial conversion feature of Series A Preferred Shares (Participating)	—	33	—	—	—	—	(33)	—	(33)
Accrued dividend on Series A preferred stock	—	1,505	—	—	—	—	(1,505)	—	(1,505)
Accrued dividend on Series B preferred stock	—	650	—	—	—	—	(650)	—	(650)
Redemption Accretion of Series B preferred stock	—	116	—	—	—	—	(116)	—	(116)
Net issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	—	—	40,000	—	144	—	—	—	144
Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	3,333	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of performance stock units	—	—	1,223	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of restricted common stock	—	—	16,000	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employee stock-based compensation costs	—	—	—	—	1,964	(474)	—	—	1,490
Adjustment from foreign currency translation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(56)	(56)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,706)	—	(3,706)
Balances, June 30, 2019	100,206	\$ 102,347	83,348,659	\$ 779	\$ 388,313	\$ (110,206)	\$ (232,139)	\$ (104)	\$ 46,643
Accretion of beneficial conversion feature of Series A Preferred Shares (Participating)	—	44	—	—	—	—	(44)	—	(44)
Accrued dividend on Series A preferred stock	—	2,046	—	—	—	—	(2,046)	—	(2,046)
Net issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	—	—	30,000	1	70	—	—	—	71

Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of performance stock units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of restricted common stock	—	—	115,000	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employee stock-based compensation costs	—	—	—	—	1,633	(67)	—	—	1,566
Adjustment from foreign currency translation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	36
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,597)	—	(1,597)
Balances, September 30, 2019	100,206	\$ 104,437	83,493,659	\$ 780	\$ 390,016	\$ (110,273)	\$ (235,826)	\$ (68)	\$ 44,629

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ZIX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PREFERRED STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)
Continued

	Preferred Stock and Stockholders' Equity								
	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional	Treasury	Accumulated	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Stock	Deficit	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Stockholders Equity
(In thousands, except shares)									
Balances, December 31, 2017, as reported	—	\$ —	80,709,970	\$ 778	\$ 381,457	\$ (102,343)	\$ (236,372)	\$ —	\$ 43,520
Cumulative effect adjustment from changes in accounting standards, net of taxes	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,564	—	4,564
Balances, January 01, 2018, as adjusted	—	—	80,709,970	778	381,457	(102,343)	(231,808)	—	48,084
Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	50,751	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of common stock upon vesting of performance stock units	—	—	32,665	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of restricted common stock	—	—	370,322	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net issuance of restricted performance common stock	—	—	95,946	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employee stock-based compensation costs	—	—	—	—	627	(547)	—	—	80
Treasury repurchase program	—	—	—	—	—	(3,090)	—	—	(3,090)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,892	—	1,892
Balances, March 31, 2018	—	\$ —	81,259,654	\$ 778	\$ 382,084	\$ (105,980)	\$ (229,916)	\$ —	\$ 46,966
Net issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	—	—	27,080	—	33	—	—	—	33
Net issuance of restricted common stock	—	—	402,000	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employee stock-based compensation costs	—	—	—	—	845	(64)	—	—	781
Treasury repurchase program	—	—	—	—	—	(2,303)	—	—	(2,303)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,840	—	1,840
Balances, June 30, 2018	—	\$ —	81,688,734	\$ 778	\$ 382,962	\$ (108,347)	\$ (228,076)	\$ —	\$ 47,317
Net issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	—	—	58,015	1	127	—	—	—	128
Net issuance of restricted common stock	—	—	(24,001)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employee stock-based compensation costs	—	—	—	—	901	(38)	—	—	863
Treasury repurchase program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,456	—	2,456
Balances, September 30, 2018	—	\$ —	81,722,748	\$ 779	\$ 383,990	\$ (108,385)	\$ (225,620)	\$ —	\$ 50,764

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ZIX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018
Operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (11,568)	\$ 6,188
Non-cash items in net income (loss):		
Depreciation and amortization	16,301	2,635
Amortization of debt issuance costs	661	—
Employee stock-based compensation costs	4,826	2,373
Changes in deferred taxes	(2,150)	2,660
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(394)	(1,410)
Prepaid and other current assets	(713)	464
Deferred costs and other assets	(1,998)	(2,272)
Operating lease assets	(468)	—
Accounts payable	4,247	(510)
Deferred revenue	1,017	1,547
Payment of acquisition related contingent consideration	(582)	(195)
Accrued and other liabilities	(1,228)	282
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,951	11,762
Investing activities:		
Purchases of property, equipment and internal-use software	(7,860)	(2,340)
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(284,590)	(11,773)
Net cash used in investing activities	(292,450)	(14,113)
Financing activities:		
Proceeds of long-term debt	185,000	—
Debt issuance cost	(6,443)	—
Repayment of long term debt	(900)	—
Proceeds from issuance of Series A preferred stock, net of offering costs	96,588	—
Stock issuance costs	—	(195)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	251	161
Purchase of treasury shares	(1,881)	(6,042)
Repayment of finance lease liabilities	(1,277)	—
Payment of acquisition related contingent consideration	(3,843)	(605)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	267,495	(6,681)
Effect of exchange rate on cash	(39)	—
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(17,043)	(9,032)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	27,109	33,009
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 10,066	\$ 23,977

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ZIX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Zix Corporation (“Zix,” the “Company,” “we,” “our” or “us”) should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K. These financial statements are unaudited, but have been prepared in the ordinary course of business for the purpose of providing information with respect to the covered interim periods.

Management of the Company believes that all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation for such periods have been included and are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future periods or for the full fiscal year.

2. Recent Accounting Standards and Pronouncements

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). Topic 842 requires companies to generally recognize on the balance sheet operating and financing lease liabilities and corresponding right-of-use assets. We elected the available practical expedients and adopted ASC 842 effective January 1, 2019, prospectively. The adoption of this standard resulted in the recognition of right-to-use assets and lease liabilities of \$4.8 million and \$6.0 million, with no material impact on the results of operations and cash flows. See below Note 6 “Leases” for additional information regarding our leases.

3. Stock- Based Awards and Stock-Based Employee Compensation Expense

Our stock-based awards include (i) stock options, (ii) restricted stock awards, some of which are subject to time-based vesting (“Restricted Stock”) and some of which are subject to performance-based vesting (“Performance Stock”), and (iii) restricted stock units, some of which are subject to time-based vesting (“RSUs”) and some of which are subject to performance-based vesting (“Performance RSUs”). As of September 30, 2019 the Company had 836,385 stock options outstanding, 1,992,838 non-vested Restricted Stock awards; 526,568 non-vested Performance Stock awards; 123,501 non-vested RSUs; 55,499 non-vested Performance RSUs and 4,080,776 shares of common stock available for future award grants.

Stock Option Activity

The following is a summary of all stock option transactions during the three months ended September 30, 2019:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Yrs)
Outstanding at June 30, 2019	866,385	\$ 3.23	
Granted at market price	—	—	
Cancelled or expired	—	—	
Exercised	(30,000)	2.35	
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	<u>836,385</u>	<u>\$ 3.27</u>	<u>4.30</u>
Options exercisable at September 30, 2019	<u>786,385</u>	<u>\$ 3.23</u>	<u>4.15</u>

At September 30, 2019, all 836,385 stock options outstanding and all 786,385 stock options exercisable had an exercise price lower than the market price of the Company’s common stock on that date. The aggregate intrinsic value of these stock options were \$3.3 million and \$3.2 million, respectively.

Restricted Stock Activity

The following is a summary of Restricted Stock activity during the three months ended September 30, 2019:

	Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value
Non-vested restricted stock at June 30, 2019	1,923,687	\$ 6.04
Granted at market price	115,000	9.30
Vested	(45,849)	5.33
Cancelled	—	—
Non-vested restricted stock at September 30, 2019	<u>1,992,838</u>	<u>\$ 6.30</u>

Restricted Stock Unit Activity

The following is a summary of all RSU activity during the three months ended September 30, 2019:

	Restricted Stock Units	Weighted Average Fair Value
Non-vested restricted stock units at June 30, 2019	93,501	\$ 7.25
Granted at market price	30,000	7.95
Vested	—	—
Cancelled	—	—
Non-vested restricted stock units at September 30, 2019	<u>123,501</u>	<u>\$ 7.42</u>

Performance RSU Activity

The following is a summary of all Performance RSU activity during the three months ended September 30, 2019:

	Performance RSUs	Weighted Average Fair Value
Non-vested performance RSUs at June 30, 2019	55,499	\$ 8.39
Granted at market price	—	—
Vested	—	—
Forfeited	—	—
Non-vested performance RSUs at September 30, 2019	<u>55,499</u>	<u>\$ 8.39</u>

Performance Stock Activity

The following is a summary of all Performance Stock activity during the three months ended September 30, 2019:

	Performance Stock	Weighted Average Fair Value
Non-vested performance stock at June 30, 2019	526,568	\$ 6.42
Granted at market price	—	—
Vested	—	—
Forfeited	—	—
Non-vested performance stock at September 30, 2019	<u>526,568</u>	<u>\$ 6.42</u>

The weighted average grant-date fair value of awards of Restricted Stock, RSUs, Performance RSUs and Performance Stock is based on the quoted market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, the total stock-based employee compensation expense resulting from stock options, Restricted Stock, RSUs, Performance RSUs and Performance Stock was recorded to the following line items of the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2019
Cost of revenues	\$ 154	\$ 422
Research and development	295	765
Selling, general and administrative	1,184	3,639
Stock-based compensation expense	<u>\$ 1,633</u>	<u>\$ 4,826</u>

A deferred tax asset totaling \$775 thousand and \$473 thousand, resulting from stock-based compensation expense associated with awards relating to the Company's U.S. operations, was recorded for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, there was \$13.5 million of total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested stock-based compensation awards granted under the incentive plans. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.65 years.

For additional information regarding the Company's Equity Awards and Stock-based Employee Compensation, see Note 3, *Stock Options and Stock-Based Employee Compensation* of the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

4. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow information relating to taxes and non-cash activities:

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018
Cash income tax payments	\$ 338	\$ 655
Cash paid for interest	6,696	—
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Accrued and deemed dividends on Series A preferred stock	5,610	—
Accrued and deemed dividends on Series B preferred stock	2,284	—

5. Receivables, net

(In thousands)	September 30,	December 31,
	2019	2018
Gross accounts receivables	\$ 20,755	\$ 14,135
Allowance for returns and doubtful accounts	(191)	(277)
Unpaid portion of deferred revenue	(10,458)	(10,670)
Note receivable	458	458
Allowance for note receivable	(458)	(458)
Receivables, net	<u>\$ 10,106</u>	<u>\$ 3,188</u>

The allowance for doubtful accounts includes all specific accounts receivable which we believe are likely not collectible based on known information. The reduction for the unpaid portion of deferred revenue represents future customer service or maintenance obligations which have been billed to customers, but remain unpaid as of the respective balance sheet dates. Deferred revenue on our consolidated balance sheets represents future customer service or maintenance obligations which have been billed and collected as of the respective balance sheet dates.

The note receivable represents the remaining outstanding balance of an original note related to the sale of a product line in 2005 in the amount of \$540 thousand. This was fully reserved at the time of the sale as the note's collectability was not assured. The note receivable is fully reserved at September 30, 2019.

6. Leases

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASC 842, which requires recognition of a right-of-use asset and lease liability for all leases at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures regarding the Company's leasing arrangements are also required. The Company adopted ASC 842 prospectively and elected the package of transition practical expedients that does not require reassessment of (1) whether any existing or expired contracts are or contain leases, (2) lease classification and (3) initial direct costs. In addition, the Company has elected other available practical expedients to not separate lease and nonlease components, which consist principally of common area maintenance charges, for all classes of underlying assets and to exclude leases with an initial term of 12 months or less.

The Company determines if a contract is or contains a lease at inception. The Company has operating leases for office spaces and data centers and finance leases for equipment. The Company has entered into lease contracts ranging from 1 to 12 years with the majority of leases having terms one to seven years, many of which include options to extend in various increments. Variable lease costs consist primarily of variable common area maintenance, taxes, insurance, parking and utilities. The Company's leases do not have any residual value guarantees or restrictive covenants.

As the implicit rate is not readily determinable for most of the Company's lease agreements, the Company uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate to determine the initial present value of lease payments. These discount rates for leases are calculated using the Company's weighted average interest rate of the term loan and delayed draw term loan.

The components of lease costs are as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019
Finance lease costs:		
Amortization of right-of-use asset	\$ 411	\$ 936
Interest on lease liabilities	47	115
Operating lease costs	809	2,190
Short-term lease costs	446	1,394
Variable lease costs	186	579
Total lease costs	<u>\$ 1,899</u>	<u>\$ 5,214</u>

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases is as follows:

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:	
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 2,063
Operating cash flows from finance leases	115
Financing cash flows from finance leases	1,277
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:	
Operating leases	6,984
Finance leases	3,362

Supplemental balance sheet information related to lease is as follows:

(In thousands)	Balance Sheet Classification	September 30, 2019
Operating Leases		
Operating lease right-of-use asset	Operating lease assets	\$ 10,055
Total operating lease assets		<u>\$ 10,055</u>
Current operating lease liabilities	Other current liabilities	\$ 2,365
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	Noncurrent lease liabilities	8,936
Total operating lease liabilities		<u>\$ 11,301</u>

(In thousands)	Balance Sheet Classification	September 30, 2019
Finance Leases		
Finance lease right-of-use assets		\$ 3,362
Accumulated depreciation - finance leases		(937)
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net	Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 2,425</u>
Current finance lease liabilities	Other current liabilities	\$ 1,517
Noncurrent finance lease liabilities	Noncurrent lease liabilities	968
Total finance lease liabilities		<u>\$ 2,485</u>

Weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate are as follows:

Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (Years)	
Operating leases	4.65
Finance leases	2.18
Weighted Average Discount Rate	
Operating leases	5.86%
Finance leases	6.15%

Maturities of lease liabilities are as follows:

(In thousands)	Payments Due by Period - Year Ending December 31, 2019				
	Total	Year 1 (1)	Years 2 & 3	Years 4 & 5	Beyond 5 Years
Operating leases	\$ 12,920	\$ 799	\$ 5,361	\$ 5,215	\$ 1,545
Less imputed interest	(1,619)				
Total	<u>\$ 11,301</u>				
Finance leases	\$ 2,632	\$ 466	\$ 2,050	\$ 116	\$ —
Less imputed interest	(147)				
Total	<u>\$ 2,485</u>				

(1) Year 1 excluding the nine months ended September 30, 2019

7. Long-term Debt

On February 20, 2019, the Company entered into a credit agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) with a syndicate of lenders and SunTrust Bank as administrative agent, which (1) provided for borrowing in the form of a senior secured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$175 million (the “Term Loan”), (2) provided for a senior secured delayed draw term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$10 million (the “Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility”), and (3) provided for a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$25 million, up to \$5 million of which is available for letters of credit (the “Revolving Facility” and, together with the Term Loan and the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility, the “Credit Facilities”). On February 20, 2019, the Term Loan was borrowed in full to pay a portion of the purchase price in connection with the AppRiver acquisition (described below in Note 16 “Acquisitions”), including certain fees, costs and expenses related thereto. On May 2, 2019, the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility was borrowed in full to pay a portion of the purchase price in connection with the DeliverySlip acquisition (described below in Note 16 “Acquisitions”), including certain fees, costs and expenses related thereto. The Credit Facilities are secured by substantially all the assets of Zix and its wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and guaranteed by substantially all of Zix’s wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest, at the Company’s option, at either (1) the adjusted LIBO rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus a margin ranging from 2.50% to 3.50% or (2) the alternate base rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus a margin ranging from 1.50% to 2.50%. The applicable margin varies depending on the Company’s total net leverage ratio.

The Credit Facilities are scheduled to mature on February 20, 2024, unless extended in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement includes procedures for additional financial institutions to become lenders, or for any existing lender to increase its commitments thereunder, subject to the limits and conditions set forth in the Credit Agreement.

Optional prepayments of borrowings under the Credit Facilities are permitted at any time and do not require any prepayment premium (other than reimbursement of the lenders’ breakage and redeployment costs in the case of a prepayment of LIBO rate borrowings).

The Credit Agreement contains various financial, operational, and legal covenants. The financial covenant is tested on a quarterly basis, based on the rolling four-quarter period that ends on the last day of each fiscal quarter. The financial covenant requires the Company to maintain a maximum total net leverage ratio of:

- 5.50:1.00 for the fiscal quarters ending March 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019;
- 5.25:1.00 for the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2019;
- 5.00:1.00 for the fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2019 through June 30, 2020;
- 4.75:1.00 for the fiscal quarters ending September 30, 2020 through March 31, 2021;
- 4.50:1.00 for the fiscal quarters ending June 30, 2021 through December 31, 2021; and
- 4.25:1.00 for the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2022 and each fiscal quarter thereafter.

The non-financial covenants restrict the Company’s ability and the ability of the Company’s restricted subsidiaries to, among other things, incur indebtedness, incur liens, merge with or acquire other entities, make investments, dispose of assets, enter into sale and leaseback transactions, make dividends, distributions or stock repurchases, prepay junior indebtedness, enter into transactions with affiliates, enter into restrictive agreements, and amend organizational documents or the terms of junior indebtedness.

The Credit Agreement contains events of default that Zix believes are customary for a secured credit facility. If an event of default relating to bankruptcy or other insolvency events occurs, all obligations under the Credit Agreement will immediately become due and payable. If any other event of default exists under the Credit Agreement, the lenders may accelerate the maturity of the Credit Facilities and exercise other rights and remedies, including foreclosure or other actions against the collateral. If any default exists under the Credit Agreement, or if the Company is unable to make any of the representations and warranties in the Credit Agreement at the applicable time, Zix will be unable to borrow additional funds or have letters of credit issued under the Credit Agreement.

Term Loan

As of September 30, 2019, the Company had \$174.1 million in principal outstanding under the Term Loan. The Term Loan was fully drawn on February 20, 2019 in the amount of \$175 million, and requires quarterly payments of principal of \$437.5 thousand beginning on June 30, 2019. In addition to other customary mandatory prepayment requirements, the Term Loan requires annual prepayments based on a percentage of Zix’s excess cash flow, which percentage will reduce if Zix’s total net leverage ratio decreases.

At September 30, 2019, the Company had an outstanding debt balance of \$168.3 million attributable to the Term Loan based on the 6.55% interest rate in effect during the period from February 20, 2019 through September 30, 2019. Included in the balance at September 30, 2019 is \$5.8 million of unamortized debt issuance costs.

Future principal payments under the Term Loan as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

(In thousands)		
Year Ending December 31,		Amount
2019	\$	437
2020		1,750
2021		1,750
2022		1,750
2023		1,750
2024		166,688
Total		174,125

Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility

At September 30, 2019, the Company had \$10 million in principal outstanding under the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility. The Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility was fully drawn on May 2, 2019 in the amount of \$10 million to fund the DeliverySlip acquisition. The Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility requires 1.00% per annum amortization of the original principal amount borrowed, payable in equal quarterly installments of \$25 thousand starting September 30, 2019. In addition to other customary mandatory prepayment requirements, the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility requires annual prepayments based on a percentage of Zix's excess cash flow, which percentage reduces if Zix's total net leverage ratio decreases.

At September 30, 2019, the Company had an outstanding debt balance of \$9.9 million attributable to the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility based on the 5.94% interest rate in effect during the period from May 2, 2019 through September 30, 2019. Included in the balance at September 30, 2019 is \$52 thousand of unamortized debt issuance costs.

The Company incurred a ticking fee of \$25 thousand on the unused portion of the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility for the period from March 23, 2019 to the termination date of Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility commitment upon the drawing of the entire loan balance on May 2, 2019.

Future principal payments under the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

(In thousands)		
Year Ending December 31,		Amount
2019	\$	25
2020		100
2021		100
2022		100
2023		100
2024		9,550
Total		9,975

Revolving Facility

The Company also has a Revolving Facility with the lenders, pursuant to which the lenders agreed to make a Revolving Facility available to the Company in an aggregate amount of up to \$25 million. Proceeds from the Revolving Facility may be used for working capital and general business purposes, including the financing of permitted acquisitions, investments and restricted payments, subject to the conditions contained in the Credit Agreement. Zix is charged a commitment fee ranging from 0.25% to 0.50% per year on the daily amount of the unused portions of the commitments under the Revolving Facility.

As of September 30, 2019, the Revolving Facility was undrawn and available to fund working capital and for other general corporate purposes, including the financing of permitted acquisitions, investments and restricted payments, subject to the conditions contained in the Credit Agreement. As of September 30, 2019, the Company has accrued \$73 thousand of commitment fees for the period ended September 30, 2019.

As of September, 2019, the estimated fair value of the Credit Facilities approximated their carrying value and the Company was in compliance with all covenants in the Credit Agreement.

8. Preferred Stock

On February 20, 2019, (the “Original Issuance Date” or “Closing Date”), Zix consummated a private placement pursuant to an investment agreement with an investment fund managed by True Wind Capital and issued an aggregate of \$100 million of shares of convertible Preferred Stock (as defined below) at a price of \$1,000 per share (the “Stated Value”). 64,914 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series A Preferred Stock”) were issued for proceeds of \$62.7 million, net of issuance costs of \$2.3 million, and 35,086 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series B Preferred Stock”) and, together with the Series A Preferred Stock, the “Preferred Stock”) were issued for proceeds of \$33.9 million, net of issuance costs of \$1.2 million. The Preferred Stock is classified outside of stockholders’ equity in temporary equity because the shares contain certain redemption features which require redemption upon a change in control. The Series A Preferred Stock can be immediately converted to common stock.

On June 5, 2019, Shareholders approved the conversion of the outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock into shares of Series A Preferred Stock. Each share of Series B Preferred Stock was converted into the number of shares of Series A Preferred Stock equal to the liquidation preference of such share of Series B Preferred Stock divided by the accreted value of a share of Series A Preferred Stock on the date of conversion plus cash in lieu of fractional shares. On June 6, 2019, all the outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock were converted into 35,292 shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

The conversion option of the Series A Preferred Stock was determined to have a beneficial conversion feature. As of September 30, 2019, the beneficial conversion feature was valued at \$2.5 million, excluding the additional beneficial conversion feature accrued for the deemed dividend during the quarter then ended, and was recorded to additional paid-in capital and as a discount to the Series A Preferred Stock. This resulting discount was immediately amortized as the Series A Preferred Stock has no set redemption date but is currently convertible.

Dividends

The Stated Value of the Series A Preferred Stock accretes at a fixed rate of 8% per annum, compounded quarterly (“Series A Preferred Dividend”). Apart from the Series A Preferred Dividend, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock are also entitled to receive any dividends paid on our common stock on an “as converted” basis. No dividend may be paid on our common stock until such dividend is paid on the Series A Preferred Stock. All calculations of the Accreted Value (as defined below) of Series A Preferred Stock will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

As of September 30, 2019, the accretion of the Stated Value of Series A Preferred Stock is valued at \$4.1 million, including the accretion attributable to the converted Series A Preferred Stock from Series B Preferred Stock, and the accretion of the beneficial conversion feature is valued at \$89 thousand. As of June 6, 2019, the accrued dividend on the Series B Preferred Stock, valued at \$1.2 million, was converted to Series A Preferred Stock along with the Stated Value of the Series B Preferred Stock. Upon conversion of Series B Preferred Stock to Series A Preferred Stock on June 6, 2019, all remaining dividend calculations are based on the terms of the Series A Preferred Dividend for the converted Series A Preferred Stock.

Voting Rights

Holders of Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to vote, together with the holders of common stock on all matters submitted to a vote of the holders of our common stock. Each holder of Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to the number of votes equal to the largest number of whole shares of common stock into which all shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by such holder could be converted. The vote or consent of the holders of at least a majority of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding will be necessary for effecting or validating any of the following actions: (i) any amendment, alteration or repeal of Zix’s Articles of Incorporation or Series A Certification of Designations that would adversely affect the rights, preferences, privileges or power of the Series A Preferred Stock; (ii) any amendment or alteration to Zix’s Articles of Incorporation or any other action to authorize or create, or increase the number of authorized or issued shares of capital stock of the Company convertible into shares of, or ranking senior to, or on a parity basis with, the Series A Preferred Stock as to dividend rights or liquidation rights; (iii) the issuance of shares of Series A

Preferred Stock after the Original Issuance Date other than in connection with the conversion of Series B Preferred Stock that was issued on the Original Issuance Date; (iv) any action that would cause the Company to cease to be treated as a domestic corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes; and (v) the incurrence of any indebtedness of the Company that would cause Zix to exceed a specified leverage ratio.

Liquidation Preference

The Series A Preferred Stock has a liquidation preference equal to the greater of (i) the Stated Value per share as it has accreted as of such date (the “Accreted Value”) and (ii) the amount such holder would have received if the Series A Preferred Stock had converted into common stock immediately prior to such liquidation.

Conversion

At any time, each Series A Preferred Stock holder may elect to convert each share of such holders’ then-outstanding Series A Preferred Stock into (i) the number of shares of common stock equal to the product of (a) the Accreted Value with respect to such share on the conversion date multiplied by (b) the conversion rate (initially 166.11) as of the applicable conversion date divided by (c) 1,000 plus (ii) cash in lieu of fractional shares.

Optional Redemption by Zix

At any time after the fourth anniversary of the Closing Date, Zix may redeem the Series A Preferred Stock for an amount per share of Series A Preferred Stock equal to the Accreted Value per share of the Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed as of the applicable redemption date multiplied by 1.50.

9. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Accounting policies

Our Company provides message security solutions as subscription services in which we recognize revenue as our services are rendered. Historically, our contracts have typically been one to three year contracts billed annually. We are increasingly moving toward a monthly billing model. This shift has been largely driven by our recent acquisition activity, including AppRiver. We exclude from the measurement of the transaction price all taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction and collected by our company from a customer (e.g., sales, use, value added, and some excise taxes).

Disaggregation of Revenue

In the nine months ended September 30, 2019, excluding our AppRiver and Erado sales, we recorded revenue for our services in the following core industry verticals: 46% healthcare, 29% financial services, 7% government sector, and 18% as other.

We operate as a single operating segment. Revenue generated from our email protection services represented 100% of our revenues in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Further, we sell our solutions as a bundle, applying significant judgement to allocate transaction prices of our services based on the standalone selling price of our component services.

Contract balances

Our contract assets include our accounts receivables, discussed above in Footnote 5 “Receivables, net”, and the deferred cost associated with commissions earned by our sales team on securing new, add-on, and renewal contract orders. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, we increased our noncurrent deferred contract asset by \$1.9 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, resulting from commissions earned by our sales team during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019. We also amortized \$837 thousand and \$2.3 million of deferred cost, respectively as a selling and marketing expense in the related periods. Our deferred cost asset is assessed for impairment on a periodic basis. There were no impairment losses recognized on deferred contract cost assets for the three months ended September 30, 2019.

Our contract liabilities consist of deferred revenue representing future customer services which have been billed and collected. The \$12.4 million increase to our net deferred revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2019, is attributed to AppRiver, acquired in February 2019. See below Note 16 “Acquisitions” for additional information regarding our AppRiver acquisition.

Performance obligations

As of September 30, 2019, the aggregate amount of the transaction prices allocated to remaining service performance obligations, which represents the transaction price of firm orders less inception to date revenue, was \$90.7 million. We expect to recognize approximately \$26.5 million of revenue related to this backlog during the remainder of 2019, \$41.3 million in 2020, and \$22.9 million in periods thereafter.

Approximately \$27.6 million of our \$47.8 million revenue recognized in the three months ended September 30, 2019, was included in our performance obligation balance at the beginning of the period. Approximately \$40.0 million of our \$123.0 million revenue recognized in the nine months ended September 30, 2019, was included in our performance obligation balance at the beginning of the period.

10. Earnings (Loss) Per Share and Potential Dilution

Basic earnings (loss) per share are computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the applicable period. The dilutive effect of potential common shares outstanding is included in diluted earnings (loss) per share. The computations for basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Basic weighted average common shares	53,148,078	52,494,340	52,965,163	52,611,161
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Employee and director stock options	—	370,466	—	330,095
Restricted Stock	—	475,912	—	340,337
RSUs	—	23,895	—	21,374
Performance RSUs	—	6,174	—	9,858
Performance Stock	—	104,062	—	76,797
Series A Preferred Shares	—	—	—	—
Series B Preferred Shares	—	—	—	—
Dilutive weighted average common shares	53,148,078	53,474,849	52,965,163	53,389,622

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, potential common shares of all securities were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share because the awards were anti-dilutive.

11. Commitments and contingencies

We have not entered into any material, non-cancelable purchase commitments at September 30, 2019.

Claims and Proceedings

We are from time to time involved in legal claims, litigation, and other legal proceedings. Although we may incur significant expenses in those matters, we expect no material adverse effect on our operations or financial results from current or concluded legal proceedings.

12. Fair Value Measurements

FASB guidance regarding fair value measurement establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs for which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

For certain of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, and accounts payable, the fair values approximate the carrying values due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The carrying values of other current assets and accrued expenses are also not recorded at fair value, but approximate fair values primarily due to their short-term nature.

The Company recorded a \$2.3 million liability for the estimated fair value of contingent consideration in our DeliverySlip acquisition. The Company determined the fair value of the contingent payment based on the probability of completion of certain agreed upon requirements. Any changes to the variables and assumptions could significantly impact the estimated fair values recorded for the liability, resulting in significant changes to the Condensed Consolidated States of Operations. The fair value measurements are based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represents Level 3 measurement, which reflect the Company's own assumptions concerning the achievement of the sales milestones in measuring the fair value of the acquisition-related contingent liability.

The following table represents a reconciliation of our acquisition-related contingent earn-out liability measured at fair value on a recurring basis, using Level 3 inputs for the nine month period ended September 30, 2019:

(In thousands)	Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 1,164
Addition	2,303
Payments during the period	(3,300)
Adjustments to fair value during the period recorded in Selling, general and administrative expenses	206
Balance at September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 373</u>

13. Goodwill

The following is a summary of the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018
Opening balance	\$ 13,783	\$ 8,469
Additions	160,574	5,926
Acquisition adjustments	—	(901)
Goodwill	<u>\$ 174,357</u>	<u>\$ 13,494</u>

Our 2019 acquisitions of AppRiver and DeliverySlip resulted in the increase to our goodwill in the nine months ended September 30, 2019. Our 2018 acquisition of Erado resulted in the increase to our goodwill in the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Our acquisition adjustments to goodwill in the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, reflect the appropriate reallocation of excess purchase price from goodwill to acquired assets and liabilities related to our Greenview and Entelligence Messaging Server purchases completed in 2017. See below Note 16 "Acquisitions" for additional information regarding our acquisitions.

We evaluate goodwill for impairment annually in the fourth quarter, or when there is a reason to believe that the value has been diminished or impaired. There were no impairments to goodwill during the periods presented above.

14. Common Stock Repurchase Program

On April 24, 2017, the Company's board of directors approved a share repurchase program that enabled the Company to purchase up to \$10 million of its shares of common stock. The share repurchase program expired on May 31, 2018. As such, no shares of common stock were repurchased during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 or during the three month period ended September 30, 2018. During the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, the Company repurchased 1,206,994 shares of our common stock under this program at an aggregate cost of \$5.4 million.

15. Income Taxes

The operating losses incurred by the Company's U.S. operations in past years and the resulting net operating losses for U.S. Federal tax purposes are subject to a \$23.1 million reserve. Any reduction to this \$23.1 million valuation allowance is based on an assessment of future utilization following accounting guidance, which relies largely on historical earnings. Using this methodology, and updating the future taxable earnings estimates based on first, second and third quarter 2019 actual earnings, the Company believes the deferred tax asset allowance as of December 31, 2018, will remain unchanged at December 31, 2019. For this reason, the Company has recognized its first, second and third quarter 2019 federal deferred tax provision in full. If in prospective periods we conclude our future U.S. federal taxable estimate established at the end of the year will exceed the prior year estimate, the Company will offset its federal deferred tax provision by reducing its valuation allowance by an equal amount, thereby eliminating from its deferred tax provision federal taxes from the Company's financial statements. The Company will continue to reevaluate the need for its valuation allowance each quarter, following the same assessment methodology described above. Adjusting our valuation allowance could have a significant impact on operating results for each period that it becomes more likely than not that an additional portion of our deferred tax assets will or will not be realized.

16. Acquisitions

Acquisition of DeliverySlip

On May 7, 2019, the Company acquired certain assets of Cirius Messaging Inc. ("Seller") and its wholly owned subsidiary DeliverySlip Inc. ("DeliverySlip"), related to the DeliverySlip product for a total purchase price of \$13.8 million, including cash consideration of \$11.4 million and a contingent consideration with an estimated fair value of \$2.3 million at the acquisition date. The contingent consideration was paid in full upon the completion of certain agreed upon requirements and a related \$0.2 million loss on the contingent consideration was recognized in the three month period ended September 30, 2019. Included in the cash consideration, a holdback amount of \$1.5 million was transferred to an escrow agent for the satisfaction of the Seller's indemnity and other obligations under the purchase agreement. The acquisition was partially financed with proceeds of \$10 million from the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility. The purchase of DeliverySlip expanded the Company's product offering including email encryption, e-signatures and secure file solutions.

The Company incurred \$436 thousand and \$936 thousand in acquisition-related costs with respect to the DeliverySlip acquisition, which were recorded within operating expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, respectively. Prior to the acquisition, approximately 90% of DeliverySlip's revenue was generated from AppRiver Canada Inc, which became a subsidiary of the Company upon closing of the AppRiver acquisition (as described below). Revenue from additional acquired customers of DeliverySlip for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 were immaterial.

We accounted for the acquisition as the purchase of a business and recorded the excess purchase price as goodwill. The goodwill from this transaction is not yet finalized. The majority of the goodwill balance is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The intangible asset we acquired from DeliverySlip is technology which we are amortizing over 6 years. The results of operations and the provisional fair values of the acquired assets and liabilities have been included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements since the DeliverySlip acquisition closed on May 7, 2019. Certain estimated values are not yet finalized and subject to revision as additional information becomes available and more detailed analyses are completed.

The following table summarizes the current estimated fair value of acquired assets and liabilities:

(In thousands)	Provisional Fair Value
Assets:	
Technology	\$ 4,200
Goodwill	9,603
Total assets	13,803
Liabilities:	
Deferred revenue	\$ 52
Total liabilities	52
Net assets recorded	<u>\$ 13,751</u>

Acquisition of AppRiver Companies

On February 20, 2019, Zix acquired 100% of the equity interest of AR Topco, LLC and its subsidiaries, including AppRiver LLC (“AppRiver” and collectively, the “AppRiver Companies”), for a total purchase price of \$277.7 million, following a working capital adjustment. The purchase price included cash consideration of \$273.1 million, net of cash acquired. This acquisition complements our strategy to accelerate our offerings into the cloud at the point of initial cloud application purchase and expand our customer base.

We financed the acquisition with proceeds from (1) cash on hand, (2) the proceeds from the Term Loan, and (3) a private placement with an investment fund managed by True Wind Capital consisting of (i) 64,914 newly issued shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value per share, and (ii) 35,086 newly issued shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value per share, in exchange for cash consideration in an aggregate amount of \$100 million (which was reduced by \$3 million in True Wind Capital’s costs that were reimbursed by the Company).

AppRiver is a channel-first provider of cloud-based cyber security and productivity services, offering web protection, email encryption, secure archiving, and email continuity solutions. AppRiver also provides Microsoft Office 365 and Secure Hosted Exchange services, which serve as an effective lead generation tool for AppRiver’s solutions. The acquisition of AppRiver can accelerate our offerings into the cloud at the point of initial cloud application purchase. Because AppRiver currently services over 60,000 worldwide customers using a network of 4,500 Managed Service Providers, this acquisition can also help us expand our customer base.

The Company incurred \$9.2 million in acquisition-related costs which included \$1.1 million and \$8.1 million recorded within operating expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2018, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, respectively. Revenue from AppRiver was \$28.7 and \$66.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, respectively, and due to the continued integration of the combined businesses, it was impracticable to determine earnings attributable to AppRiver.

We accounted for the acquisition as the purchase of a business and recorded the excess purchase price as goodwill. The goodwill from this transaction is not yet finalized. The majority of the goodwill balance is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The intangible assets we acquired from AppRiver consist of customer relationships, vendor relationships, trademarks/names, and internally developed software, which we are amortizing over 8 years, 3 years, 10 years, and 5-6 years, respectively. The results of operations and the provisional fair values of the acquired assets and liabilities have been included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements since the AppRiver acquisition closed on February 20, 2019. Certain estimated values are not yet finalized and subject to revision as additional information becomes available and more detailed analyses are completed.

The following table summarizes the current estimated fair value of acquired assets and liabilities:

(In thousands)	Provisional Fair Value
Assets:	
Current assets	\$ 12,200
Property and equipment	3,235
ROU assets	7,835
Customer relationships	91,000
Vendor relationships	1,000
Trademark/Names	4,400
Internally developed software	41,100
Goodwill	150,971
Total assets	311,741
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities	\$ 13,378
Deferred revenue	12,424
Operating lease liabilities	8,235
Total liabilities	34,037
Net assets recorded	\$ 277,704

Erado

On April 2, 2018, the Company acquired all the outstanding capital stock of CM2.COM, Inc., d/b/a Erado (“Erado”) for a total purchase price of \$14.4 million, including cash consideration of \$11.8 million, net of cash acquired. The purchase of Erado strengthens Zix’s comprehensive archiving solutions with unified archiving, supervision, security, and messaging solutions for customers that demand bundled services. Erado’s long standing focus on helping its customers comply with Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”) and SEC regulations will help further strengthen Zix’s offering for customers with compliance requirements. This acquisition also expands Zix’s cloud-based email archiving capabilities into more than 50 content channels, including social medial, instant message, mobile, web, audio, and video.

The purchase price includes a holdback of \$2.3 million for the satisfaction of certain indemnification claims by the Company, if any, during the two-year period following the closing of the acquisition. An amount equal to \$1.1 million of the holdback amount was released to the selling shareholders on the one year anniversary of the closing of the acquisition. The remaining balance of the holdback amount, if any, will be distributed to the Selling Shareholders following the two year anniversary of the closing of the acquisition.

The Company incurred \$334 thousand in acquisition-related costs which were recorded within operating expenses during the twelve months ended December 31, 2018.

We accounted for the acquisition as the purchase of a business and recorded the excess purchase price as goodwill. The goodwill from this transaction is deductible for tax purpose. The intangible assets we acquired from Erado consist of trademarks, internally developed software, and customer relationships, which we are amortizing over an estimated useful life of 5 years, 10 years, and 15 years, respectively. The results of operations and the estimated fair values of the acquired assets and liabilities have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements since the April 2, 2018 acquisition date. Revenue from Erado was \$952 thousand and \$2.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, respectively. Due to the continued integration of the combined businesses, it was impracticable to determine the earnings attributable to Erado.

The following table summarizes the provisional fair value of acquired assets and liabilities:

(In thousands)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets:	
Current assets	\$ 848
Property and equipment	169
Trademark /names	260
Technology	3,030
Customer relationships	4,760
Goodwill	6,215
Total assets	15,282
Liabilities:	
Deferred revenue	\$ 809
Other current liabilities	93
Total liabilities	902
Net assets recorded	\$ 14,380

Pro Forma Financial Information (Unaudited)

The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the combined results of operations for the three and nine month periods ending September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, as though the DeliverySlip, AppRiver and Erado acquisitions that occurred during the reporting period had occurred as of the beginning of the period presented, with adjustments, such as amortization expense of intangible assets and acquisition-related transaction costs, to give effect to pro forma events that are directly attributable to the acquisitions. These unaudited pro forma results are presented for information purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations of the combined company would have been if the respective acquisitions had occurred at the beginning of the period presented, nor are they indicative of future results of operations:

(In thousands, except per share data)	<u>Three Months Ended September 30,</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenues	\$ 48,900	\$ 40,887	\$ 141,979	\$ 118,019
Net income (loss)	5,766	1,960	14,175	2,923
Basic income (loss) per share attributed to common shareholders	\$ 0.07	\$ —	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.07)
Diluted income (loss) per share attributed to common shareholders	\$ 0.07	\$ —	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.07)

NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND RISK FACTORS

Statements in this report which are not purely historical facts or which necessarily depend upon future events, including statements about trends, uncertainties, hopes, beliefs, anticipations, expectations, plans, intentions or strategies for the future, may be forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from the events or results described in the forward-looking statements, including risks and uncertainties described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Any of these risk factors could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or financial results and reduce the value of an investment in our securities. We may not succeed in addressing these and other risks associated with an investment in our securities, with our business and with our achieving any forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are based upon information available to us on the date the statements are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

Zix® is a leading provider of cloud email security, productivity and compliance solutions. Trusted by the nation’s most influential institutions in healthcare, finance and government, Zix delivers a superior experience and easy-to-use solutions for email encryption and data loss prevention (“DLP”), advanced threat protection, archiving, and bring your own device (“BYOD”) mobile security. Focusing on the protection of business communication, Zix enables its customers to better secure data and meet compliance needs. We serve organizations in many industries, with particular emphasis on the healthcare, financial services, insurance and government sectors, including U.S. federal financial regulators— such as members of the *Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council*, divisions of the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), more than 30% of U.S. banks, more than 30% of Blue Cross Blue Shield plans and more than 1,200 U.S. hospitals.

ZixEncryptSM (formerly ZixGateway® and ZixQuarantine®) bundles email encryption and DLP capabilities to enable the secure exchange of email that includes sensitive information. Through a comprehensive secure messaging service, ZixEncrypt allows an enterprise to use policy-driven rules to determine which email messages should be sent securely or quarantined for review to comply with regulations or company-defined policies.

The main differentiation for ZixEncrypt in the marketplace is our exceptional ease of use. The best example of this is our ability to provide transparent delivery of encrypted email. Most email encryption solutions are focused on the sender. They typically introduce an added burden on recipients, often requiring additional user authentication with creation of a new user identity and password. We designed our solution to alleviate the recipient’s burden by enabling the delivery of encrypted email automatically and transparently. Zix enables transparent delivery by (1) ZixDirectory®, the world’s largest email encryption community which is designed to share identities of our tens of millions of members (growing by approximately 170,000 members per week), (2) Zix’s patented Best Method of Delivery®, which is designed to deliver email in the most secure, most convenient method possible for the recipient, and (3) ZixEncrypt, which automatically encrypts and decrypts messages with sensitive content. The result is secure, transparent encrypted email, such that secure email can be exchanged without any impact to administrators or extra steps for both senders and recipients. Zix delivers more than 1.5 million encrypted messages on a typical business day. Of those messages, approximately 70% are exchanged transparently between senders and recipients.

ZixEncrypt also addresses business’s greatest source of data loss – corporate email– with an easy, straightforward DLP approach. By focusing strictly on the risks of email, ZixEncrypt simplifies DLP in comparison to other DLP solutions by decreasing complexity and cost, reducing deployment time from months to hours and minimizing impact on customer resources and workflow. In addition, Zix offers a convenient experience for both employees interacting with our solution and administrators managing the system.

ZixEncrypt enables DLP capabilities for email by combining proven policy and content scanning capabilities with quarantine functionality. The quarantine system and its intuitive interface allow administrators to (1) easily define policies and create custom lexicons for quarantining email messages, (2) conveniently manage quarantined messages using flexible searching and filtering options, (3) release or delete individual or multiple quarantined messages with one click, (4) review reports that monitor quarantine activities and trends and (5) automate custom notifications informing employees of quarantined messages.

ZixEncrypt also provides greater visibility into an organization's data risks in email by capturing data in outbound emails and highlighting violations that trigger policy filters to encrypt or quarantine. Through our interactive, real-time interface, companies can monitor their greatest vulnerabilities, generate reports for business executives and train employees about the sensitivity of their company's data.

ZixEncrypt is available as a hosted solution, as a multi-tenant solution, or as a physical or virtual on-premises appliance.

In March 2017, Zix acquired Greenview Data, Inc. ("Greenview"), an email security company. Zix's acquisition of Greenview addresses increasing buyer demand for email security bundles by adding advanced threat protection, antivirus, anti-spam and archiving capabilities to its industry-leading email encryption. Greenview is a good fit for Zix's business based on its employees' expertise in email security and its emphasis on customer success, which align with Zix's reputation for delivering industry-leading solutions and a superior experience.

Through the acquisition of Greenview, Zix launched two new solutions in April 2017 – ZixProtectSM and ZixArchiveSM. ZixProtect defends organizations from zero-day malware, ransomware, phishing, CEO fraud, W-2 phishing attacks, spam and viruses in email with multi-layer filtering techniques. Accuracy in protecting organizations from email threats is increased further with automated traffic analysis, machine learning and real-time threat analysts.

ZixProtect is available as a cloud-based service in three bundles. ZixProtect Essentials includes email threat protection and business email continuity to enable access to emails during service disruption; ZixProtect Plus adds attachment assurance and time-of-click link defense to provide enhanced protection against sophisticated, targeted threats; and ZixProtect Premium delivers a comprehensive email security solution by including its leading email encryption and data loss prevention with its threat protection capabilities.

ZixArchive is a low-cost, cloud-based email retention solution that easily enables user retrieval, compliance and eDiscovery. Available as a standalone or add-on solution for ZixEncrypt or ZixProtect bundles, ZixArchive includes policy-based retention, automatic indexing and flexible search capabilities for audit and legal requirements. With on-demand access through the cloud, organizations can conveniently share messages with employees, auditors and outside consultants or legal counsel, as well as revoke access when needed.

In April 2018, Zix acquired Erado, a unified archiving company. Erado strengthened Zix's comprehensive archiving solutions with unified archiving, supervision, security, and messaging solutions for customers that demand bundled services. Erado's long standing focus on helping its customers comply with FINRA and SEC regulations helped further strengthen Zix's offerings for customers with compliance requirements. This acquisition also expanded Zix's cloud-based email archiving capabilities into more than 50 content channels, including social media, instant message, mobile, web, audio and video.

ZixOne[®] is a unique mobile email app that solves the key IT challenge created by the BYOD trend in the workplace. BYOD describes employee's use of personal devices to conduct work. ZixOne provides mobile access to corporate email while never allowing that data to be persistently stored on an employee's device where it is vulnerable to loss or theft. If the device is lost or stolen, an administrator can simply disable access to corporate email from that device through ZixOne.

ZixOne is available as a standalone solution and easily integrates with ZixEncrypt as an add-on solution. One feature of ZixOne is the ability to encrypt an email from your mobile device with the simple slide of an "Encrypt" button, ensuring that sensitive information is secured either by the user or through automatic policies of ZixEncrypt.

On March 5, 2019, we announced the availability of ZixSuite, a cloud-based business communications security and compliance solution that combines advanced threat protection, business email continuity, email encryption, email DLP and unified archiving, all managed from a centralized interface.

ZixSuite is designed to simplify security and regulatory compliance for small and medium size businesses that want an easier way to protect critical business communications while complying with industry or corporate regulations. It brings together three of the Company's industry-leading solutions: ZixProtect, ZixEncrypt and ZixArchive.

Integrated into a seamless management and reporting interface, the combination of these three services provides threat protection to reduce threats and spam, including protection from sophisticated zero-hour attacks; business email continuity to enable continued access to mail services during mail server outages; email encryption and DLP to automatically identify and protect sensitive data in email communication; and unified archiving for indefinite retention of business communications and easy access for compliance and eDiscovery. Unified archiving now supports over 50 data sources – from email and social media, to text messaging and more.

On February 20, 2019, we completed the acquisition of AppRiver, a leading provider of cloud-based cybersecurity solutions for SMB. The combined companies create one of the leading cloud based security solutions providers, particularly for the small and mid-size enterprise market. This acquisition further strengthens that alignment by bolstering our security offerings, expanding our go-to-market channels, and providing a stronger cloud platform to drive even more value for our customers and partners.

On May 7, 2019, we acquired DeliverySlip, expanding our portfolio with additional email encryption, e-signatures, and secure file sharing solutions.

Our business operations and service offerings are supported by the ZixData Center™, which is PCI DSS 3.2 certified for applicable services, SOC2 accredited and SOC 3 certified. The operations of the ZixData Center are independently audited annually to maintain AICPA SOC3 certification in the areas of security, confidentiality, integrity and availability. Auditors also produce a SOC2 report on the effectiveness of operational controls used over the audit period. The ZixData Center is staffed 24 hours a day and has a track record that exceeds 99.99% availability.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions. Critical accounting policies and estimates are defined as those that are both most important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results and require management's most subjective judgments.

We describe our significant accounting policies in Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, of the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. We discuss our *Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates* in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Results of Operations

Third Quarter 2019 Summary of Operations

Financial

- Revenue for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, was \$47.8 million, compared with \$17.9 million for the same period in 2018, representing a 168% increase that was largely attributable to our AppRiver acquisition in February 2019.
- Gross margin for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, was \$26.4 million (or 55% of revenues), compared with \$14.0 million (or 78% of revenues) for the comparable period in 2018. The period over period margin decline as a percentage of revenues is attributable to the effect of the higher cost of revenue associated with AppRiver's Microsoft Office365 and hosted exchange products.
- Net (loss) for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, was \$(1.6) million, compared with net income of \$2.5 million in the comparable period in 2018. The net loss for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, was attributed to significant transaction and integration-related costs incurred to acquire AppRiver in February 2019 and Delivery Slip in May 2019.
- Net (loss) attributable to common shareholders for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, was \$(3.7) million, compared with net income attributable to common shareholders of \$2.5 million in the comparable period in 2018. The Company's net loss attributable to common shareholders includes a deemed and accrued dividend of \$2.1 million to preferred shareholders.
- Net (loss) per diluted share was \$(0.07) for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, compared with net income per diluted share of \$0.05 in the comparable period in 2018.
- Ending cash and cash equivalents were \$10.1 million on September 30, 2019, compared with \$24.0 million on September 30, 2018, and \$27.1 million on December 31, 2018.

Operations

- Total billings for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, were \$46.2 million, compared with \$21.3 million for the same period in 2018, representing a 117% increase. AppRiver contributed \$27.6 million of third quarter 2019 billings.
- The annual recurring revenue value of our customer subscriptions as of September 30, 2019, was \$200.3 million, compared with \$74.9 million for the same period in 2018, representing an increase of \$125.4 million that was largely attributable to our AppRiver acquisition.
- Net cash provided by operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2019, was \$8.0 million, compared with \$11.8 million provided by operations for the same period in 2018, representing a \$3.8 million decrease.
- As of September 30, 2019, backlog was \$90.7 million, compared with \$74.0 million as of September 30, 2018, representing a 23% increase.

Revenues

Our Company provides subscription-based services. The following table sets forth the quarter-over-quarter comparison of the Company's revenues:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		3-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018		Nine Months Ended September 30,		9-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018	
	2019	2018	\$	%	2019	2018	\$	%
Revenues	\$ 47,833	\$ 17,876	\$ 29,957	168%	\$ 123,049	\$ 52,029	\$ 71,020	137%

The increase in revenue was primarily related to our AppRiver acquisition in February 2019, which contributed \$28.7 million and \$66.8 million in revenue to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, respectively. We additionally grew our revenue with continued success in our subscription-based business model with both steady additions to the subscriber base and a high rate of existing customer renewals and the realization of previously contracted revenue in our backlog. In the first nine months of 2019, excluding our AppRiver and Erado sales, we categorized our revenue in the following core industry verticals: 46% healthcare, 29% financial services, 7% government sector and 18% as other. In the first nine months of 2018, we categorized our revenue in the following core industry verticals: 49% healthcare, 29% financial services, 7% government sector, and 15% as other.

Revenue Indicator — Backlog

Backlog — Our end-user order backlog is comprised of contractually binding agreements that we expect to amortize into revenue as the services are performed. The timing of revenue is affected by both the length of time required to deploy a service and the length of the service contract.

As of September 30, 2019, total backlog was \$90.7 million, and we expect approximately 69% of the total backlog, or approximately \$62.2 million, to be recognized as revenue during the next twelve months. As of September 30, 2019, the backlog was comprised of the following elements: \$45.6 million of deferred revenue that has been billed and paid, \$10.5 million billed but unpaid, and approximately \$34.6 million of unbilled contracts. The backlog at September 30, 2019, was 23% higher than the \$74.0 million backlog at the end of the third quarter 2018, and 24% higher than the ending backlog of \$73.0 million at December 31, 2018. Our increase in backlog includes \$13.8 million associated with AppRiver.

Cost of Revenues

The following table sets forth the quarter-over-quarter comparison of the cost of revenues:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		3-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018		Nine Months Ended September 30,		9-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018	
	2019	2018	\$	%	2019	2018	\$	%
Cost of revenues	\$ 21,422	\$ 3,870	\$ 17,552	454%	\$ 52,865	\$ 11,189	\$ 41,676	372%

Cost of revenues is comprised of costs related to operating and maintaining the ZixData Center, a field deployment team, customer service and support, Microsoft fees associated with the resale of Microsoft Office365 and hosted exchange products and depreciation expense of computer equipment and amortization of acquired technology. The increases in 2019 compared to 2018 reflected in the table above resulted primarily from our acquisition of AppRiver in February 2019. As a reseller of Microsoft Office365 and hosted exchange products, which comprise over 50% of AppRiver revenue earned for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, we expect our costs of revenue to remain at higher levels than we have historically incurred. We additionally incurred increases in average headcount and other expenses to accommodate revenue growth. Our acquisition of DeliverySlip contributed to the cost reduction of email encryption service fees.

Research and Development Expenses

The following table sets forth the quarter-over-quarter comparison of our research and development expenses:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		3-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018		Nine Months Ended September 30,		9-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018	
	2019	2018	\$	%	2019	2018	\$	%
Research and development expenses	\$ 5,590	\$ 2,764	\$ 2,826	102%	\$ 15,048	\$ 8,720	\$ 6,328	73%

Research and development expenses consist primarily of salary, benefits, and stock-based compensation for our development staff, independent development contractor expenses, and other direct and indirect costs associated with enhancing our existing products and services and developing new products and services. The increase in 2019 compared to 2018 reflected in the table above resulted primarily from increases in headcount and consulting attributable to our AppRiver acquisition in February 2019.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

The following table sets forth the quarter-over-quarter comparison of our selling and marketing expenses:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		3-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018		Nine Months Ended September 30,		9-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018	
	2019	2018	\$	%	2019	2018	\$	%
Selling and marketing expenses	\$ 13,312	\$ 5,223	\$ 8,089	155%	\$ 37,323	\$ 15,054	\$ 22,269	148%

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salary, commissions, travel, stock-based compensation and employee benefits for selling and marketing personnel as well as costs associated with promotional activities and advertising. The increase in the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to the same period in 2018, was due primarily to our AppRiver acquisition in February 2019 as well as related integration activities. We additionally incurred increases in headcount expense and spending for marketing programs.

In addition to our AppRiver acquisition and the other items noted above, our nine month increase in spending is primarily attributable to increase in headcount expense, commission expense attributable to the amortization of previously capitalized commissions, integration costs including severance expenses to create synergy of the combined companies after our AppRiver acquisition in February 2019. We additionally incurred increases in stock based compensation expense and in spending for marketing programs.

General and Administrative Expenses

The following table sets forth the quarter-over-quarter comparison of our general and administrative expenses:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		3-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018		Nine Months Ended September 30,		9-month Variance 2019 vs. 2018	
	2019	2018	\$	%	2019	2018	\$	%
General and administrative expenses	\$ 6,280	\$ 2,802	\$ 3,478	124%	\$ 24,406	\$ 9,085	\$ 15,321	169%

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salary and bonuses, travel, stock-based compensation and benefits for administrative and executive personnel as well as fees for professional services and other general corporate activities. The increase in the three months ended September 30, 2019 resulted primarily from acquisition and integration costs associated with AppRiver in February 2019. We additionally incurred increase in stock based compensation expense and advisory and audit fees.

The increase in the nine months ended September 30, 2019 resulted primarily from acquisition costs associated with AppRiver and DeliverySlip, acquired February 2019 and May 2019, respectively, and expenses associated with AppRiver operations. We additionally incurred increases in headcount, integration, audit and stock based compensation expenses offset by earnout expense incurred in the same period of 2018.

Other Income (Expense)

Our other income (expense) consists primarily of interest expense associated with our debt. In February 2019, we entered into a credit agreement with a syndicate of lenders and SunTrust Bank, borrowing \$175 million to fund our AppRiver acquisition. In May 2019, we borrowed an additional \$10 million to fund our DeliverySlip acquisition. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, we recorded interest expense of \$3.0 million and \$7.4 million, respectively associated with this debt. At September 30, 2019, our outstanding debt balance was \$178.3 million based on a weighted effective interest rate of 6.51%. See above Note 7 “Long-term Debt” for additional information regarding our debt.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was a \$133 thousand benefit and \$945 thousand expense for the three month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and a \$2.3 million benefit and a \$2.5 million expense for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The operating losses incurred by the Company’s U.S. operations in past years and the resulting net operating losses for U.S. Federal income tax purposes are subject to a \$23.1 million reserve because of the uncertainty of future taxable income levels sufficient to utilize our net operating losses and credits. Our September 30, 2019, provision benefit of \$2.3 million includes \$2.1 million in deferred taxes, a \$259 thousand benefit related to the return of federal Alternative Minimum Tax credits offset by a \$87 thousand state income tax expense. Our September 30, 2018, income tax provision of \$2.5 million includes \$2.7 million in deferred taxes, \$416 thousand in state taxes currently payable based on gross revenues, and \$61 thousand in taxes related to our Canadian operations, all of which were offset by a \$690 thousand benefit related to the return of federal Alternative Minimum Tax credits.

No tax penalty-related charges were accrued or recognized for the three month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. Additionally, we have not taken a tax position that would have a material effect on our financial statements or our effective tax rate for the three month period ended September 30, 2019. We are currently subject to a three year statute of limitations by major tax jurisdictions.

At September 30, 2019, the Company partially reserved its U.S. net deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty of future taxable income being sufficient to utilize net loss carryforwards prior to their expiration, as noted above. The Company did not reserve \$30.9 million of its U.S. net deferred tax assets. The majority of this unreserved portion related to \$31.0 million in U.S. net operating losses (“NOLs”) because we believe the Company will generate sufficient taxable income in future years to utilize these NOLs prior to their expiration. The remaining balance consists of \$420 thousand related to Alternative Minimum Tax credits and \$472 thousand relating to U.S. state income tax credits and net operating loss carryovers. These items are offset by a \$971 thousand liability relating to temporary differences between GAAP and tax-related expense.

Any reduction to the \$23.1 million valuation allowance related to our deferred tax asset would be based on an assessment of future utilization following accounting guidance, which relies largely on historical earnings. Using this methodology, and updating the future taxable earnings estimates based on first, second and third quarter 2019 actual earnings, the Company believes the deferred tax asset allowance as of December 31, 2018, will remain unchanged at December 31, 2019. For this reason, the Company has recognized its first, second and third quarter 2019 federal deferred tax provision in full. If in future periods we conclude our future U.S. federal taxable estimate established at the end of the year will exceed the prior year estimate, the Company will offset its federal deferred tax provision by reducing its valuation allowance by an equal amount, thereby eliminating from its deferred tax provision federal taxes from the Company’s financial statements. Significant judgment is required in determining any valuation allowance recorded against the deferred tax asset. In assessing the need for such an allowance, we consider all available evidence, including past operating results, estimates of future taxable income, and the feasibility of tax planning strategies. The Company will continue to reevaluate the need for its valuation allowance each quarter, following the same assessment methodology described above. Adjusting our valuation allowance could have a significant impact on operating results for each period during which it becomes more likely than not that an additional portion of our deferred tax assets will or will not be realized.

We have determined that utilization of existing net operating losses against future taxable income is not currently subject to limitation by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. Future ownership changes, however, may limit the Company’s ability to fully utilize its existing net operating loss carryforwards against future taxable income.

Net Income (Loss)

Our net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2019, of \$1.6 million was a decrease of \$4.1 million compared to our net income of \$2.5 million for the same period last year. The decrease in our net income was primarily due to acquisition related costs associated with our AppRiver purchase, including integration costs, as well as higher operating expenses and interest expense. These items were partially offset by increases in revenue, as discussed above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Based on our performance over the last four quarters and current expectations, we believe our cash and cash equivalents, cash generated from operations, and availability under our \$25 million Revolving Facility (which, as of September 30, 2019, was undrawn and available to fund working capital and for other general corporate purposes, including the financing of permitted acquisitions, investments, and restricted payments, subject to the conditions contained in the Credit Agreement) will satisfy our working capital needs, capital expenditure requirements, investment requirements, contractual obligations, commitments, and other liquidity requirements associated with our operations through at least the next twelve months. We plan for and measure our liquidity and capital resources through an annual budgeting process. During the first nine months of 2019, net cash provided by operations was \$8.0 million, a decrease of \$3.8 compared with the \$11.8 million of net cash provided by operations in the first nine months of 2018. This decrease is attributable to acquisition costs associated with our AppRiver acquisition in February 2019 as well as spending on integration, marketing programs and increase of stock based compensation expense, offset by revenue contributed by our AppRiver acquisition. At September 30, 2019, our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$10.1 million, a decrease of \$17.0 million from the December 31, 2018 balance, and we had outstanding debt of \$176.4 million.

Sources and Uses of Cash Summary

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018
Net cash provided by operations	\$ 7,951	\$ 11,762
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (292,450)	\$ (14,113)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ 267,495	\$ (6,681)

Our primary source of liquidity from our operations is the collection of revenue in advance from our customers and collection of accounts receivable from our customers, net of the timing of payments to our vendors and service providers.

Our investing activities in the first nine months of 2019 consisted of \$284.6 million, net of cash acquired, used in the acquisitions of AppRiver and DeliverySlip, and \$7.9 million for capital expenditures, which include \$5.0 million in capitalized internal-use software, and \$2.9 million for computer and networking equipment. Our investing activities in the first nine months of 2018 consisted of \$11.8 million, net of cash acquired, used in the acquisition of Erado and \$1.4 million of capital expenditures for computer and networking equipment, including internal-use software.

Cash received from financing activities in the first nine months of 2019 includes proceeds from long term debt of \$177.7 million, net of issuance costs of \$6.4 million and repayment of \$0.9 million, \$96.6 million, net of issuance costs, raised through the private purchase of preferred stock, and \$251 thousand received from the exercise of stock options. The proceeds from our debt and preferred stock issuance were used to fund our AppRiver acquisition in February 2019 and our DeliverySlip acquisition in May 2019. We also paid \$1.3 million to satisfy finance lease liabilities during the first nine months of 2019. In addition to these items, we used \$1.9 million to repurchase common stock related to the tax impact of vesting restricted awards, and \$3.8 million for contingent consideration payments associated with our acquisitions of Greenview, Erado and DeliverySlip.

Financing activities in the first nine months of 2018 include \$5.4 million used in a \$10.0 million share repurchase program authorized by our board of directors in April 2017, \$650 thousand used in the repurchase of common stock related to the tax impact of vesting restricted awards, and a \$605 thousand earn-out payment associated with our acquisition of Greenview, and \$195 thousand used to pay costs associated with a shelf registration filed with the SEC on July 31, 2018, offset by \$161 thousand cash received from the exercise of stock options.

Options of Zix Common Stock

We have significant stock options outstanding that are currently vested. There is no assurance that any of these options will be exercised; therefore, the extent of future cash inflow from additional option activity is not certain. The following table summarizes the options that were outstanding as of September 30, 2019. The vested shares are a subset of the outstanding shares. The value of the shares is the number of shares multiplied by the exercise price for each share.

Exercise Price Range	Summary of Outstanding Options			
	Outstanding Options	Total Value of Outstanding Options (In thousands)	Vested Options (included in outstanding options)	Total Value of Vested Options (In thousands)
\$2.00 - \$3.49	374,375	977	374,375	977
\$3.50 - \$4.99	462,010	1,754	412,010	1,566
Total	836,385	\$ 2,731	786,385	\$ 2,543

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

Contractual Obligations, Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

We have not entered into any material, non-cancelable purchase commitments at September 30, 2019.

We have severance agreements with certain employees which would require the Company to pay approximately \$5.4 million if all such employees were terminated from employment with our Company following a triggering event (e.g., change of control) as defined in the severance agreements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We have no material changes to the disclosure on this matter made in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e)) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2019.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

During the nine months ended September 30, 2019, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to legal proceedings, claims, and litigation involving our business. While the outcome of these matters is currently not determinable, and the costs and expenses of resolving these matters may be significant, we currently do not expect that the ultimate costs to resolve these matters will have a material adverse effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

See Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors,” of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in such Annual Report on Form 10-K. The risk factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, should be read in conjunction with the considerations set forth above in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- (a) None.
- (b) None.
- (c) Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share (1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1, 2019 to July 31, 2019	6,838	\$ 8.92	—	\$ —
August 1, 2019 to August 31, 2019	662	\$ 9.15	—	\$ —
September 1, 2019 to September 30, 2019	467	\$ 7.66	—	\$ —
Total	7,967	\$ 8.87	—	\$ —

- 1 Of the total number of shares purchased for the one month periods ended July 31, 2019, August 31, 2019, and September 30, 2019, respectively; 7,967 shares of Restricted Stock were withheld by us upon the vesting of outstanding Restricted Stock. These shares were withheld by us to satisfy the minimum statutory tax withholding for the employees for whom Restricted Stock vested during the period, which is required upon vesting.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**a. Exhibits**

The following is a list of exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibits
2.1	<u>Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2018, by and among Craig Brauff, Julie Lomax Brauff, Shari Wood-Richardson, as Trustee of the Alexandra Brauff Gift Trust U/A 12/21/12, Shari Wood-Richardson, as Trustee of the Courtney Brauff Gift Trust U/A 12/21/12, Julie A. Lomax, as Trustee of the Julie Lomax Gift Trust U/A 12/21/12, and Zix Corporation. Filed as Exhibit 2.1 to Zix Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 2, 2018, and incorporated herein by reference.</u>
2.2	<u>Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 14, 2019, by and among Zix Corporation, AR Topco, LLC, AppRiver Marlin Blocker Corp., AppRiver Holdings, LLC, AppRiver Marlin Topco, L.P., AppRiver Management Holding, LLC, Marlin Equity IV, L.P. and Marlin Topco GP, LLC, as the sellers' representative. Filed as Exhibit 2.2 to Zix Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, and incorporated herein by reference.</u>
3.1	<u>Restated Articles of Incorporation of Zix Corporation, as filed with the Texas Secretary of State on November 10, 2005. Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Zix Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference.</u>
3.2	<u>Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of Zix Corporation, dated November 1, 2016. Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Zix Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2016, and incorporated herein by reference.</u>
3.3	<u>Certificate of Designations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, as filed with the Texas Secretary of State on February 15, 2019. Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Zix Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 22, 2019, and incorporated herein by reference.</u>
3.4	<u>Certificate of Designations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, as filed with the Texas Secretary of State on February 15, 2019. Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Zix Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 22, 2019, and incorporated herein by reference.</u>
31.1*	<u>Certification of David J. Wagner, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
31.2*	<u>Certification of David E. Rockvam, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer) of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
32.1**	<u>Certification of CEO and CFO, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
101.1*	101. INS (XBRL Instance Document) 101. SCH (XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document) 101. CAL (XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document) 101. LAB (XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document) 101. DEF (XBRL Taxonomy Linkbase Document) 101. PRE (XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document)

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ZIX CORPORATION

Date: November 6, 2019

By: /s/ DAVID E. ROCKVAM
David E. Rockvam
*Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial
Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)*

CERTIFICATION

I, David J. Wagner, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Zix Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 6, 2019

/s/ DAVID. J. WAGNER

David J. Wagner

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, David E. Rockvam, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Zix Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 6, 2019

/s/ DAVID E. ROCKVAM

David E. Rockvam

*Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer
and Principal Accounting Officer)*

**CERTIFICATION OF CEO AND CFO PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

November 6, 2019

Securities and Exchange Commission
450 Fifth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20549

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The certifications set forth below are being submitted in connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of Zix Corporation for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

David J. Wagner, the chief executive officer, and David E. Rockvam, the chief financial officer of Zix Corporation, each certifies that to the best of his knowledge and in the respective capacities as an officer of Zix Corporation:

1. the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Zix Corporation.

/s/ DAVID J. WAGNER

Name: David J. Wagner

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ DAVID E. ROCKVAM

Name: David E. Rockvam

Title: Chief Financial Officer